**A Level Chemistry** 

# Summer Work 2023-2024









Sandringham School

Everybody can be Somebody

#### Summer Work

### 1 Using this booklet



Using the QR code or link, watch the video and make detailed notes

Watch

Create

Create a resource e.g. flash cards or a mind map



Complete the attached practice questions



Review

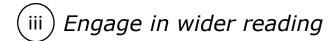
Mark your practice questions using the mark scheme at the back of the booklet



Follow the link to an online quiz, be honest with your scores!

#### (2) Summer to do list

Purchase appropriate laptop	
Purchase lever arch folder and dividers e.g. <a href="https://www.wilko.com/en-uk/wilko-a4-pink-lever-arch-file/p/0131460">https://www.wilko.com/en-uk/wilko-a4-pink-lever-arch-file/p/0131460</a>	
Purchase lab coat (preferably HOWIE style) e.g. <a href="https://www.workinstyle.com/howie-lab-coat.html">https://www.workinstyle.com/howie-lab-coat.html</a>	
Purchase practical revision guide <a href="https://www.hoddereducation.co.uk/subjects/science/products/1">https://www.hoddereducation.co.uk/subjects/science/products/1</a> 6-18/aqa-a-level-chemistry-student-guide-practical-chem	2
Print specification <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ</a> <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ</a> <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ</a> <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ</a> <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/chemistry/specifications/AQ</a> <a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/<a href="https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/">https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/</a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a>	





University of Cambridge Chemistry Department youtube page



University of Oxford Chemistry Department youtube page



A Day in the life of an undergraduate chemistry student



TED Talks on Chemistry





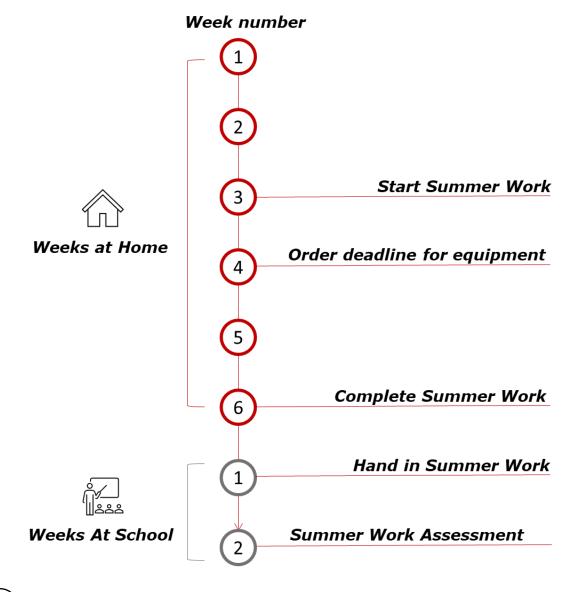
Variety of articles on recent uses of chemistry

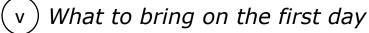






### (iv) Recommended Summer plan







- Folder with Dividers
- Printed Specification
- Lab Coat
- Laptop
- Completed summer work
- Revision notes / flashcards



I studied combined chemistry at GCSE, how can I start A level as strongly as possible?

Most of this summer work is aimed at ensuring that everybody has the correct foundational knowledge in September. The main differences between triple and combined chemistry are found in quantitative chemistry or organic chemistry, so try to learn those triple modules before arriving in September.

I want to become a medic or vet, what do I need to do to increase my chances of this?

Firstly, for many of these courses you are required to get an A or A\* at Chemistry, so ensuring you come with a strong chemical background is very important. Once you have done this, you should pursue further reading and work experience opportunities as soon as possible and discuss future plans with the school careers guidance team.

I am having trouble accessing part of my summer work, what can I do?

Email Mr Reynolds at

ReynoldsH@mysandstorm.org

## Chemical Bonding



Watch



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YpEQ-NWxKBc



Sign up to Seneca and complete the assignment 'SUMMER WORK – bonding'

Scan to join 18ev3mw4ti



Get your students to scan the QR code and log in to Seneca to join this class.



Create

Download the revision booklet, review it and make your own notes and flashcards



https://chemrevise.files.wor dpress.com/2021/02/4.2bonding-and-structure.pdf



Review

Get a blank piece of A4 paper and write out everything you can remember about bonding on to it. Then use your revision resources to fill in the things you forgot!



Log on to the Quiz below and attempt the questions

https://gradegorilla.com/chemistry/micro/principles/Mibonding.php



## **Organic Chemistry**



Watch



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZeUNWY7YDAo



Sign up to Seneca and complete the assignment 'SUMMER WORK – Organic Chemistry'

Scan to join 18ev3mw4ti



Get your students to scan the QR code and log in to Seneca to join this class.



Create

Download the revision booklet, review it and make your own notes and flashcards



https://chemrevise.files.wor dpress.com/2021/02/4.7organic-chemistry.pdf



Review

Download the question papers for 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 from Physics and Maths tutor. Complete them and then mark them!



https://www.physicsandmat hstutor.com/chemistryrevision/gcse-aqa/organicchemistry/

## Ionic Formulae

1 Polyatomic Ions



Watch



https://www.youtube.com/w
atch?v=gTvwmlH7zLk



Create a flashcard for each polyatomic ion in the table below including name, formula and charge. Make sure you review these regularly

Common Balvetomia Iona			
Common Polyatomic Ions			
Ion	Name	lon	Name
NH₄ <sup>+</sup>	Ammonium	CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Carbonate
NO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>2</sub> Nitrite		Hydrogen carbonate or Bicarbonate
NO <sub>3</sub>	Nitrate	CIO	Hypochlorite
SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Sulfite	CIO2	Chlorite
SO <sub>4</sub> -	Sulfate	CIO <sub>3</sub>	Chlorate
HSO₄-	Hydrogen sulfate or Bisulfate	CIO <sub>4</sub>	Perchlorate
OH <sup>-</sup>	Hydroxide		Acetate
CN <sup>-</sup>	Cyanide	MnO <sub>4</sub>	Permanganate
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	Phosphate	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Dichromate
HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Hydrogen phosphate	CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Chromate
H <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	Dihydrogen phosphate	O <sub>2</sub> -	Peroxide

## (2) Determining Ionic Formulae



Watch



#### https://youtu.be/ct 7qhxh6JE



## https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=iQEGrX5Ud6g



a)	sodium iodide	
b)	potassium oxide	
c)	aluminium chloride	
d)	magnesium bromide	
e)	aluminium oxide	
f)	iron(II) oxide	
g)	iron(III) oxide	
h)	magnesium sulfide	
i)	copper(II) fluoride	
j)	lithium iodide	
k)	barium bromide	
I)	zinc(II) sulfide	
m)	lead(II) iodide	
n)	iron(III) sulfide	
0)	magnesium oxide	
p)	rubidium bromide	
q)	strontium chloride	
r)	caesium selenide	
s)	calcium astatide	
t)	radium polonide	
u)	gallium fluoride	
v)	scandium(III) bromide	
w)	chromium(III) oxide	
x)	strontium iodide	
y)	lithium arsenide	

2	a)	sodium sulfate	
	b)	calcium sulfate	
	c)	magnesium hydroxide	
	d)	zinc(II) nitrate	
	e)	copper(II) carbonate	
	f)	sodium hydroxide	
	g)	potassium carbonate	
	h)	iron(III) hydroxide	
	i)	ammonium nitrate	
	j)	ammonium hydroxide	
	k)	iron(III) sulfate	
	I)	aluminium nitrate	
	m)	silver(I) nitrate	
	n)	calcium carbonate	
	0)	magnesium nitrate	
	p)	ammonium astatide	
	q)	caesium nitrate	
	r)	strontium hydroxide	
	s)	platinum(II) nitrate	
	t)	cobalt(II) carbonate	
	u)	copper(I) oxide	
	v)	copper(II) oxide	•••••
	w)	francium telluride	•••••
	x)	gold(I) fluoride	
	y)	rubidium sulfate	•



Review

Turn to the back of the booklet and mark your answers on the previous page

Score: /50



Log on to the Quizlet below and attempt the questions



https://quizlet.com/207566438/ionic-formula-flash-cards/

## **Balancing Equations**



Watch



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jy6F0Lbvjm8



https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/balancing-equations-using-moles-ht-only-6gwkar?step=2&activity=video



Practice

3) 
$$Mg(NO_3)_2$$
 + NaOH  $\rightarrow$   $Mg(OH)_2$  + NaNO<sub>3</sub>

5) 
$$C_5H_{12} + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2C$$

7) 
$$K_2CO_3 + HNO_3 \rightarrow KNO_3 + CO_2 + H_2O$$

8) NaHCO<sub>3</sub> 
$$\rightarrow$$
 Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O + CO<sub>2</sub>



Review

Turn to the back of the booklet and mark your answers on the previous page

Score: /9



Log on to the quiz below and attempt the questions



https://www.educationquizzes.com/gcse/chemistry/balancing-symbol-equations-h/

## Quantitative Chemistry



Watch



https://www.youtube.com/w
atch?v=eAibVvhmsK0



Sign up to Seneca and complete the assignment 'SUMMER WORK – Quant Chem'

Scan to join 18ev3mw4ti



Get your students to scan the QR code and log in to Seneca to join this class.



Create

Download the revision booklet, review it and make your own notes



https://chemrevise.files.wor dpress.com/2023/05/4.3quantitative-chemistry.pdf



Review

Get a blank piece of A4 paper and write out everything you can remember about bonding on to it. Then use your revision resources to fill in the things you forgot!

## (1) Calculating Formula Mass





https://www.youtube.com/w
atch?v=it fMQu5ivg



- 1 F<sub>2</sub>
- Practice
- 2 Fe
- 3 H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- 4 Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- 5 Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- 6 Al(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
- 7 (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- 8 CuCO<sub>3</sub>
- 9 AgNO<sub>3</sub>
- 10 NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>



Review

Turn to the back of the booklet and mark your answers

### 2) Mole Calculations







https://www.youtube.com/w atch?v=wPGVQu3UXpw

6/	
Practice	•

	1)	Calculate the number of moles of each of the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.		
		a)	90.0 g of H <sub>2</sub> O	
ce				
		b)	20.0 g of C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	
		c)	685 g of NH <sub>3</sub>	
		d)	102 tons of O <sub>2</sub>	
		e)	2.00 kg of Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
		f)	20.6 mg of Au	
	2)	Ca	lculate the mass of each o	f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)		lculate the mass of each o 4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub>	f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)			f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)	a)		f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)	a)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub>	f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)	a) b)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub>	f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)	a) b)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub>	f the following substances. Give your answers to 3 sig figs.
	2)	a) b) c)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub>	
	2)	a) b) c)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub> 0.0200 moles of K <sub>2</sub> O	
	2)	a) b) c)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub> 0.0200 moles of K <sub>2</sub> O	
	2)	a) b) c)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub> 0.0200 moles of K <sub>2</sub> O  2.50 moles of PH <sub>3</sub>	
	2)	a) b) c)	4.00 moles of N <sub>2</sub> 0.100 moles of HNO <sub>3</sub> 0.0200 moles of K <sub>2</sub> O  2.50 moles of PH <sub>3</sub>	



★★☆ Turn to the back of the booklet and mark your answers

Review

#### **Answers**

## (1) Ionic Formulae (page 9)

- 1 a) Nal
  - b) K<sub>2</sub>O
  - c) AICI<sub>3</sub>
  - d) MgBr<sub>2</sub>
  - e) Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - f) FeO
  - g) Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - h) MgS
  - i) CuF<sub>2</sub>
  - j) Lil
  - k) BaBr<sub>2</sub>
  - I) ZnS
  - m) Pbl<sub>2</sub>
  - n) Fe<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>
  - o) MgO
  - p) RbBr
  - q) SrCl<sub>2</sub>
  - r) CsSe
  - s) CaAt<sub>2</sub>
  - t) RaPo
  - u) GaF<sub>3</sub>
  - v) ScBr<sub>3</sub>
  - w) Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - x) Srl<sub>2</sub>
  - y) Li<sub>3</sub>As

- 2 a) Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - b) CaSO<sub>4</sub>
  - c) Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - d) Zn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
  - e) CuCO<sub>3</sub>
  - f) NaOH
  - g) K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - h) Fe(OH)<sub>3</sub>
  - i) NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>
  - j) NH₄OH
  - k) Fe<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
  - Al(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
  - m) AgNO<sub>3</sub>
  - n) CaCO<sub>3</sub>
  - o) Mg(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
  - p) NH₄At
  - q) CsNO<sub>3</sub>
  - r) Sr(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - s) Pt(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
  - t) CoCO<sub>3</sub>
  - u) Cu<sub>2</sub>O
  - v) CuO
  - w) Fr<sub>2</sub>Te
  - x) AuF
  - y) Rb<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

## 2 Balancing Equations (page 11)

1) 2 Na + 2 
$$H_2O \rightarrow$$
 2 NaOH +  $H_2$ 

2) **2** KOH + 
$$H_2SO_4 \rightarrow K_2SO_4 + 2 H_2O$$

3) 
$$Mg(NO_3)_2$$
 + 2 NaOH  $\rightarrow$   $Mg(OH)_2$  + 2 NaNO<sub>3</sub>

4) 4 NO + 2 
$$H_2O$$
 + 3  $O_2$   $\rightarrow$  4  $HNO_3$ 

5) 
$$C_5H_{12} + 8O_2 \rightarrow 5CO_2 + 6H_2O$$

7) 
$$K_2CO_3 + 2 HNO_3 \rightarrow 2 KNO_3 + CO_2 + H_2O$$

8) 2 NaHCO<sub>3</sub> 
$$\rightarrow$$
 Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O + CO<sub>2</sub>

9) 
$$ZnCO_3 \rightarrow ZnO + CO_2$$

### (3) Formula Mass Calculations (page 14)

1	F <sub>2</sub>	2(19)	= 38
2	Fe		= 56
3	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	2(1) + 32 + 4(16)	= 98
4	$Al_2O_3$	2(27) + 3(16)	= 102
5	Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	24 + 2(16) + 2(1)	= 58
6	Al(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	27 + 3(14) + 9(16)	= 213
7	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	2(14) + 8(1) + 32 + 4(16)	= 132
8	CuCO <sub>3</sub>	63.5 + 12 + 3(16)	= 123.5
9	AgNO <sub>3</sub>	108 + 14 + 3(16)	= 170
10	NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	14 + 4(1) + 14 + 3(16)	= 80

## 4 Mole Calculations (page 15)

 Calculate the number of moles of each of the following substances. Give your answers to 3 significant figures.

```
90.0 g of H<sub>2</sub>O
                                       90.0 = 5.00
      20.0 g of C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
                                       20.0 = 0.345
      685 g of NH<sub>3</sub>
                                       685 = 40.3
c)
d)
      102 tons of O<sub>2</sub>
                                       102000000 = 3190000 (3.19 \times 10^{6})
      2.00 \text{ kg of } Al_2O_3
                                       2000 = 19.6
e)
                                        102
                                       0.0206 = 0.000105 (1.05 \times 10^{-4})
      20.6 mg of Au
```

2) Calculate the mass of each of the following substances. Give your answers to 3 significant figures.

```
a) 4.00 \text{ moles of N}_2 4.00 \times 28 = 112 \text{ g}
b) 0.100 \text{ moles of HNO}_3 0.100 \times 63 = 6.30 \text{ g}
c) 0.0200 \text{ moles of K}_2\text{O} 0.0200 \times 94 = 1.88 \text{ g}
d) 2.50 \text{ moles of PH}_3 2.50 \times 34 = 85.0 \text{ g}
e) 0.400 \text{ moles of C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} 0.400 \times 46 = 18.4 \text{ g}
f) 10.0 \text{ moles of Ca(OH)}_2 10.0 \times 74 = 740 \text{ g}
```